

OVERVIEW OF THE CRRF
A Presentation Made on the Launch
of the CRRF in Tanzania ON 2ND June
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By

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New York Declaration

- Unprecedented mass displacement of people since WWII
- “**65.3 million** people around the world have been forced from home. Among them are nearly **21.3 million refugees**”-UNHCR
- Protracted refugee situations globally
- The need for comprehensive approach

New York Declaration

- The General Assembly resolution on 19Sep.2016
- A landmark political commitment for coordinated approach in the international community to deal with the problem
- Fundamental shift on the way the international community deals with refugees and migrants

What is new with CRRF?

1. Combining humanitarian and development approaches

- Financing responses from both humanitarian and development actors
- Multi-stakeholder approach in addressing Humanitarian and development needs in specific refugee situation

What is new with CRRF?

2. Refugees symbiotic relationship with host communities
 - Community based development programmes that benefit both refugees and host communities
 - refugees gain access to social services and labour markets
 - Helps refugee survive and thrive
 - Refugee settlements rather than refugee camps

What is new with CRRF

3. Burden and responsibility-sharing for refugees
 - Fair distribution burden and pressure for hosting refugees
 - Easing burden to countries hosting

Tanzania's set of commitments in CRRF implementation

1. Continue to receiving refugees running from wars, conflicts, political instability and persecution;
2. Review of the 2003 National Refugee Policy and the Refugees Act, 1998,
3. Durable solution to remaining 1972 Burundian refugees.

Tanzania's set of commitments in CRRF implementation

4. Refugee access to education and the domestic labour market;
5. Support the adoption of the global compact on responsibility sharing for refugees and displaced people.

CRRF Areas of Engagement

1. Admission and rights
 - Review the 2003 National Refugee Policy and the Refugees Act, 1998
 - Registration and documentation of refugees
 - Safeguards for non-refoulement
 - Mainstreaming protection and rights across development programs

CRRF Areas of Engagement

2. Inclusion and self-reliance

- Introduce humanitarian and development projects
 - Healthcare, water and sanitation, education etc.
 - Economic projects e.g industrial parks, special economic zones, irrigation scheme, etc.

CRRF Areas of Engagement

3. Local integration for naturalized Tanzanians
4. Emergency Response to Refugee Crises
 - Tanzania is surrounded by refugee producing countries
5. Voluntary repatriation and reintegration in country of origin

CRRF Areas of Engagement

6. 3rd Country Options

- Access to resettlement in third countries and other complementary pathways for admission
- Regional resettlement strategies

In summary

A Paradigm Shift

- Refugee crisis is both a humanitarian Development issue
- Responsive to the needs of refugees and hosting societies
- CRRF will help Tanzania deal with the complex and protracted nature of the crisis.

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